

TERMS REFERENCED IN EPISODE

The History of Xinjiang (Part 11)

Ep. 255

PINYIN / TERM	CHINESE	ENGLISH / MEANING
Āgŭ Bái	阿古柏	Yaqub Beg 1820-1877
Burhan Shahidi	包尔汉·沙希迪	1894-1989, Last KMT governor of Xinjiang. Served the country and the Party in all kinds of roles up to his death
Běiyáng government	北洋政府	The government based in Beijing that was led by a clique of military strongmen, led by Yuan Shikai
Chóngqìng	重庆	Municipality in China formerly part of Sichuan province.
Guómíndǎng	国民党	The Nationalist Party
Gānsù	甘肃	Province in Western China
Gē Lǎo Huì	哥老会	the Brothers and Elders Society, a late Qing era secret society bent on getting rid of the Manchu's
Huí	回族	One of China's 56 official ethnic minorities. The Hui were Muslims of Han descent
Hāmì Bàodòng	哈密暴动	Hāmì or Kumul Rebellion, 1931 to 1934, directed against Jin Shuren. Ma Zhongying sided with the rebels in Kumul who wanted to restore their khanate
Jīn Shùrén	金树仁	Successor to Yang Zengxin in Xinjiang. Ran the place, also with an iron fist, from 1928-1933.
Kāshí / Kāshígé'ěr	喀什,喀什葛尔	One of the greatest cities of the Golden Age of the Silk Road Era. Also a great center for the development of Islam in Xinjiang
Manchukuo	满洲国	The state and later empire setup in Manchuria by the Japanese. Puyi served as emperor
Masud Sabri	麦斯武德·沙比尔	Governor of Xinjiang from 1947-1949. A noted Uyghur intellectual of his time. Lived from 1886-1952
Mukden Incident	九一八事变	Also known as the Manchurian Incident, occurred on 9/18/1931. Used as a pretext to shift Japanese aggression in China into overdrive
Máo Zémín	毛泽民	The younger brother to Máo Zédōng. He was executed on September 27, 1943
Mǎ Bùfāng	马步芳	1903-1975, one of the many Ma Clique warlords who ran northwest China during the Republican Era. Ma Bufang's story was mostly written in Qinghai. He was the older brother of Ma Buqing

Mǎ Bùqīng	马步青	1901-1977, younger brother of Ma Bufang, also a major figure in Qinghai. The two brothers were sons of Ma Qi (see below)
Mă Clique	西北三吗 / 马家军	Ma is a common Hui Muslim name. But these Ma's were a very large family who served as warlords in northwest China during the Republican era
Mă Fúxīng	马福兴	Yang Zengxin's man in Kashgar from 1916-1924. His military exploits went back all the way to the Boxer Rebellion
Mă Hóngbīn	马鸿宾	1884-1960, another Ma Clique member whose career was based in Ningxia and Gansu
Mă Hóngkuí	马鸿逵	1892-1970, Ma Clique leader who ran the province of Ningxia from 1931 to 1948
Mă Qí	马麒	1869-1931, Hui general and early Ma Clique leader, based in Gansu and Qinghai, helped the Qing put down the Dungans and fight back against the foreigners during the Boxer Rebellion
Mă Zhòngyīng	马仲英	1910-?, a.k.a. "The Baby General", ethnic Hui, born Ma Buying. Loyal to the KMT, fought for them in Xinjiang. Disappeared in 1936 on a trip to the USSR.
Péng Déhuái	彭德怀	Legendary PLA general from Hunan. Not too politically adept. Lived from 1898- 1974
Pŭyí	溥仪	The Last Emperor of the Qing Dynasty. Served as a puppet figurehead for the Japanese in Manchukuo
Qīng	清朝	Manchu dynasty that ran in China 1644-1911
Shèng Shìcái	盛世才	Ruler of Xinjiang from 1933 to 1944. Known for his close cooperation with the Soviet Union
Tǔlǔfān (Turpan)	吐鲁番	City in northeast Xinjiang, south of Hami
Wáng Zhèn	王震	1908-1993, a major figure in CCP and PLA history. PRC Vice President 1988-1993. Head of military government in Xinjiang 1950-1952. A hated figure amongst the Uyghurs
Wú Zhōngxìn	吴忠信	The KMT's, Civil and Military Governor of Xinjiang from August 1944 to March 1946.
Wūlǔmùqí	乌鲁木齐	Urumqi, present day capital of Xinjiang. Also one of the great trading entrepôts of the Silk Road era
Xīnjiāng	新疆	The area that is now contained in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region in China. Also known by many names prior to 1884
Yuán Shìkǎi	袁世凯	1859-1916, Late Qing military strongman and extremely influential leader during the first years of the Republican period
Yáng Zēngxīn	杨增新	Yunnan-born military man who ruled Xinjiang with an iron fist from 1912 to 1928
Yán'ān	延安	City on northern Shaanxi. The CCP setup their wartime base there after completing the Long March
Yīlí Valley	伊犁	Region in northernmost Xinjiang on the Kazakhstan border
Zhāng Zhìzhōng	张治中	1895-1969, Military superstar during the Republican era. Later defected to the Communists. Governor of Xinjiang from March 1946 to June 1947.

Zhāng Zuòlín	张作霖	1875-1928, The Manchurian Warlord, a great and historic figure during the Warlord Era
Zhūngá'ěr	准噶尔	The Zunghar Mongols
Zhŭnbù	准部	Zungharia, the northern portion of Xinjiang
Zuŏ Zōngtáng	左宗棠	1812-1885, Also known as General Tso. Great statesman and soldier during the mid 1800's.